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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/082,250	02/26/2002	Takahiro Hayashi	112052	3027
25944 7	7590 03/09/2005		EXAMINER	
OLIFF & BERRIDGE, PLC P.O. BOX 19928			PATEL, VINIT H	
	A, VA 22320		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1764	
			DATE MAILED: 03/09/2004	₹

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/082,250	HAYASHI ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Vinit H. Patel	1764					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet v	vith the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a within the statutory minimum of th rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MC cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this communication ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	on.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 26 Fe	ebruary 2002.		÷				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is:							
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims			:				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the application.			:				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers			:				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	on is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121((d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.	•				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	:				
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 H S C	\$ 119(a)_(d) or (f)	:				
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	priority under 55 0.0.0.	g 119(a)-(d) 01 (1).	:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received		•				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		Application No.					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori		··· —					
application from the International Bureau	·	Ç	1				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment/e)							
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) Intention	Summany (PTO 413)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 26Jul 02;14 jul04	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	» (7				
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 1. Claims 1-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Kimbara et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,802,875.

Regarding claims 1 and 26, Kimbara discloses, a hydrogen supply system 2, having a fuel chamber 13 (storage tank) connected by pipe 15 to tank 20, having a connection through pipe 21 with pump 22, heat exchanger 23 (heater), and dehydrogenation catalyst within dehydrogenation reactor 24. A gas/liquid separator 33 (from tank 20 via recovery pipe 31), supplied by condenser 32, that separates the gases formed in the reactor 24 so that hydrogen is supplied (discharged) to the fuel cell (C6/L8-65; Fig. 1). The decahydronaphthalene and naphthalene and hydrogen gas are material worked upon by a structure being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

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Regarding claim 2, Kimbara further discloses a hydrogenation (regeneration) reactor 26 with a catalyst and heater 29 connected to gas/liquid separator via pipe 35a (C7/L25-30; Fig. 1).

Regarding claim 3, Kimbara further discloses tank 101 (storage tank) downstream the separation membrane 111 (separation apparatus) wherein only hydrogen is present in the tank 101 (C16/L24-28).

Regarding claim 4, Kimbara discloses tank 101 is connected via hydrogen supply pipe 112 to supply hydrogen to the hydrogenation reactor (C16/L24-45; Fig. 9).

Regarding claim 5, Kimbara discloses that the hydrogen is supplied from a reformation apparatus 300 (C26/L49-51).

Regarding claims 6 and 27, Kimbara discloses, a hydrogen supply system 2, having a fuel chamber 13 (storage tank) connected by pipe 15 to tank 20, having a connection through pipe 21 with pump 22, heat exchanger 23 (heater), and dehydrogenation catalyst within dehydrogenation reactor 24. A gas/liquid separator 33 (from tank 20 via recovery pipe 31), supplied by condenser 32, that separates the gases formed in the reactor 24 so that hydrogen is supplied (discharged) to the fuel cell (C6/L8-65; Fig. 1) and a hydrogenation (regeneration) reactor 26 with a catalyst and heater 29 connected to gas/liquid separator via pipe 35a (C7/L25-30; Fig. 1). The decahydronaphthalene and naphthalene and hydrogen gas are material worked upon by a structure being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

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Regarding claim 7, Kimbara further discloses tank 101 (storage tank) downstream the separation membrane 111 (separation apparatus) wherein only hydrogen is present in the tank 101 downsteam the separation membrane (C16/L24-28).

Regarding claim 8, Kimbara discloses tank 101 is connected via hydrogen supply pipe 112 to supply hydrogen to the hydrogenation reactor (C16/L24-45; Fig. 9).

Regarding claim 9, Kimbara discloses that the hydrogen is supplied from a reformation apparatus 300 (C26/L49-51).

Regarding claim 10, Kimbara discloses that unreacted gas is liquefied and recovered in tank 101 (C7/L34-35).

Regarding claim 11, Kimbara discloses that un-reacted gas (from the hydrogenation/dehydrogenation reactors) is liquefied and recovered in tank 101 (C7/L34-35).

Regarding claim 12, Kimbara discloses that un-reacted gas (from the hydrogenation/dehydrogenation reactors) is liquefied and recovered in tank 101 (storage tank) (C7/L34-35).

Regarding claim 13, Kimbara discloses that un-reacted gas (from the hydrogenation/dehydrogenation reactors) is liquefied and recovered in tank 101 (storage tank) (C16/L24-35).

Regarding claim 14, Kimbara discloses a hydrogen detection portion for detecting the amount of hydrogen gas (C7/L12-14), and control units C3 for controlling

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the amount of hydrogen required according to the amount of power required (C7/L10-15).

Regarding claim 15, Kimbara further discloses a hydrogen sensor 95 for detecting the amount of hydrogen gas (C13/L22-24), and control unit C9 (C13/L22-24), and controller unit C9 to drive pump 72 to supply tank 73 and fuel chamber 13 (C13/L35-39).

Regarding claim 16, Kimbara discloses a separation tank 101 (C16/L24). The material (npaththalene stored) worked upon by a structure (apparatus) being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Regarding claim 17, Kimbara discloses a separation tank 101 (C16/L24). The material (npaththalene stored) worked upon by a structure (apparatus) being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Regarding claim 18, Kimbara discloses hydrogenation reactor 117 connected to gas-liquid separator 108, which is led to tank 101 (C16/L5-65; Fig. 9). The material (tetralin and decalin generated) worked upon by a structure (apparatus) being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

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Regarding claim 19, Kimbara discloses hydrogenation reactor 117 connected to gas-liquid separator 108, which is led to tank 101 (C16/L5-65; Fig. 9). The material (tetralin and decalin generated) worked upon by a structure (apparatus) being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Regarding claims 20, Kimbara discloses a gas separation apparatus comprising separation membrane 111 and condensers 110 and 120 (a cooling device) (C17/L10-21).

Regarding claim 21, Kimbara discloses a gas separation apparatus comprising separation membrane 111 and condensers 110 and 120 (a cooling device) (C17/L10-21).

Regarding claim 22, Kimbara discloses the catalyst may be a precious metal catalyst carried on carbon such as platinum or ruthenium (C6/L34-38).

Regarding claim 23, Kimbara discloses the catalyst may be a precious metal catalyst carried on carbon such as platinum or ruthenium (C6/L34-38).

Regarding claim 24, the material (decalin and the mixed fuel) worked upon by a structure (apparatus of claim 1) being claimed does not impart patentability to the claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Regarding claim 25, the material (decalin and the mixed fuel) worked upon by a structure (apparatus of claim 6) being claimed does not impart patentability to the

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Claims. See In re Young, 75 F.2d 996, 25 USPQ 69 (CCPA 1935) (as restated in In re Otto, 312 F.2d 937, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963)).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vinit H. Patel whose telephone number is (571) 272-0856. The examiner can normally be reached Monday – Friday from 9:00 am - 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached at (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Vinit H. Patel March 3, 2005 Alexa Dorasheuk Pateut Examiner Art Unit 1764